# VA Inpatient PGY II & PGY III Resident Expectations

Please read Department of Medicine Expectations for Floor/ACS/ICU faculty for comprehensive overview. Below is to highlight VA expectations.

### **Patient Care**

- 1. Daily rounds
  - Pre-round: evaluate sick patient from overnight with intern. Escalate any issue/concern/question to your attending.
  - Review patients, address and acute issues (electrolyte derangement, consults) and run patient list with each intern before Multidisciplinary Discharge Rounds begins (Team 1 8:30; Team 2 8:40; Team 3 8:50; Team 4 9:00 am).
  - You must see all patients seen by MS4 during their Al rotation and write a progress note.
  - As a senior resident, have awareness of patients with devices on a patient such as Indwelling cath/SPT/nephrostomy, ostomy, telemetry, O2 supplementation, IV/central lines. Awareness of this will aid in appropriate removal of device as necessarily to expedite discharge planning.

#### 2. Presentation

- During intern & medical student presentation provide your undivided attention and minimize interruption until presentation is finished unless urgent matter arises.
- Make note of presentation to provide feedback.

#### 3. Notes

- You should assess and provide feedback on intern and medical student notes (progress notes, H&P, Discharge instruction and Discharge summary)
  Daily progress notes should NOT be copy pasted from prior notes.
  Notes should include:
  - Tobacco/substance/ETOH
  - Family update (every other day)
  - DVT PPX
  - Life Sustaining Treatment
  - Disposition plan

Of note, progress note is not needed on the day of discharge as long as physical exam on the day of discharge is included in DC Summary.

- H&P should include family and social history. If wound/ulcer is present, it should be included in the physical exam. All neurological symptomatology, back pain, visual changes, dizziness need full neurological exam.
- Discharge Summary
  - Should not be a "copy & paste" of the HPI
  - For Secondary Discharge Diagnosis, only actively managed medical conditions should be included
- o Images should not be auto-populate from previous hospitalization or outpatient unless relevant to this admission.

### 4. Discharges

- Accurate and appropriate discharge is critical to patient care.
- MUST supervise intern in reviewing MEDICATION RECONSILLATION, follow-up lab/image orders, and outpatient appointments.
- Utilize Anticipate Discharge a day prior (if discharge is known in advance).

If intern is busy with other work, senior resident should assist with anticipated discharges.

- Medication Reconciliation (including WOUND care supplies, Foley bag supplies, Nutrition supplements)
- Anticipatory discharge (under administrative order)
- Discharge instruction
  - 1. This is for the patient, medical jargon should be avoided.
  - 2. Medication changes should be included.
  - 3. CPAP/BIPAP/Oxygen should be included if prescribed for patient.
  - 4. Wound care instruction must be included.
  - 5. F/u labs or image testing should be stated if recommended for patient.
  - 6. Tobacco/Substance/Alcohol use— must be accurately selected that matches admission nursing documentation (*Vaaes Acute Inpatient Nsg Admission Screen*). If agreed for cessation, order cessation medication and Quit Smart or STS consult must be placed.
- D/C summary must be completed prior to discharge for patients going to SNF or assisted living.
- For patient discharged to home, D/C summary must be completed within 24 hours of discharge.
- Review Discharge Timeout for each patient that's anticipated or on the day of discharge.

## Supervision and Teaching

- Be approachable and accessible to your team members.
- Help interns with workflow and time management.
- o Set expectations for interns and medical students.
- o You are expected to teach and guide interns and medical students.
- You should assign topics for interns & medical students to read & present as it relates to their patients or from clinical questions that arise.
- Routinely pull up EKGs & Images to review during rounds as it relates to patient discussion.
- Provide regular feedback, highlight achievements, and guide toward areas of improvement.
- Take as much leadership role in running rounds including talking to patient and doing bedside teaching, particularly during PGY 3 year. You can discuss expectations for rounds with your team attending.
- Noon conference is mandatory 12:00 -1:00 pm.
  - o This is a protected hour from patient care and you are expected to be on time.
    - Exception is if you're on call and there is a code or rapid response
    - ensure all members are attending their respective conferences on time

Suggested Reading for becoming a good leader as a senior resident on the team

- a. "The Art of Leading with the Right Balance as a Senior Resident". NEJM article.
- b. Six Precepts for Becoming a Good Senior Resident. SGIM.

### Communication

- Pages/Pager
  - a. Pages should be answered within 5 minute.
  - b. On-call resident should carry Code-pager starting at 7AM.
  - c. Ensure cross-cover intern and admitting intern on the team carry their respective pagers.
- 2. Handoff
  - a. Supervise patient handoff content and sign-out.
  - b. Handoff sheet should be updated daily, succinctly, and accurately.
  - c. Include anticipatory guidance for cross-cover/NF team in "if" and "then" format.
- 3. Keep nursing staff informed of plan for patient. Urgent labs, tests, medication should be verbally communicated. This can be accomplished by senior resident or intern depending on workload.

#### **Professionalism**

- Be on time for multi-disciplinary discharge rounds and rounds with attending.
- Be on time for educational conferences.
- o Work as a leader on the team to ensure each member feels respected and supported.
- o Escalate any issue to attending physician.

## **Evaluations**

- Attendings will provide verbal feedback and written evaluation via MedHub.
- You are evaluated by medical students and interns using MedHub.
- You are encouraged to seek for feedback as well as direct observation to complete MiniCFX
- Your evaluation is based on 6 Core Competencies: Patient care, Medical knowledge, Professionalism, Interpersonal communication skill, Practice based learning, & Systems based practice.