PRACTICE GUIDELINES: NECK IMMOBILIZATION PRIOR TO CERVICAL SPINE CLEARANCE

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Define appropriate methods for cervical spine immobilization prior to clearance.
- 2. Define appropriate devices for cervical spine immobilization to prevent skin breakdown and decubitus formation.
- 3. Encourage documentation of skin changes referable to the use of cervical spine immobilization.

DEFINITIONS:

- 1. Cervical spine immobilization: Use of a device to stabilize the neck in a neutral position until adequate evaluation can be undertaken to determine the presence or absence of cervical spine injury.
- 2. Cervical spine clearance: See RAD S06 Spine Imaging in Trauma Patients http://www.upstate.edu/policies/documents/intra/RAD_S-06.pdf

GUIDELINES:

- 1. All patients who have mechanism for cervical spine injury and are being evaluated according to the C-spine clearance protocol must be treated with cervical spine immobilization, including:
 - a. Head of bed elevated no greater than 30° as ordered by a physician.
 - b. Limit to log roll only if suspicion of thoracic, lumbar or sacral spine injuries.
 - c. Cervical immobilization collar.
- 2. Most patients will arrive in the trauma room with a stiff neck collar in place or a collar will be applied after arrival if necessary.
 - a. Make sure the collar has been applied correctly.
 - b. Check under the collar (with manual immobilization) for the presence of skin breakdown, lacerations, swelling, penetrating injuries, tracheal deviation, subcutaneous emphysema or distended neck veins.
 - c. Make sure that the collar is appropriately padded around laceration or other open wounds.
- 3. Proceed with C-spine clearance protocol.
- 4. If cervical spine injury cannot be ruled-out by <u>the time the patient leaves the ED</u>, then change the cervical collar to an appropriately-sized Philadelphia collar or padded collar.
- 5. If suspicion for cervical spine injury exists based on mechanism and/or associated injuries and cannot be ruled out clinically by <u>24 hours</u> after admission, then obtain a high quality CT of the cervical spine.
- 6. If Cervical immobilization is needed for treatment switch to a padded collar (Miami J or Aspen)