

GET A HEADS UP ON LACROSSE HELMET SAFETY



While there is no concussion-proof helmet, a lacrosse helmet can help protect your athlete from a serious brain or head injury. The information in this handout will help you learn what to look for and what to avoid when picking out a helmet for your lacrosse player.



START WITH THE RIGHT SIZE:

BRING THE ATHLETE

Bring your athlete with you when buying a new helmet to make sure that you can check for a good fit.

HEAD SIZE

To find out your athlete's head size, wrap a soft tape measure around the athlete's head, just above their eyebrows and ears. Make sure the tape measure stays level from front to back. (If you don't have a soft tape measure, you can use a string and then measure it against a ruler.)

SIZES WILL VARY

Helmet sizes often will vary from brand-to-brand and with different models. Each helmet will fit differently, so it is important to check out the manufacturer's website for the helmet brand's fit instructions and sizing charts, as well as to find out what helmet size fits your athlete's head size.

GET A GOOD FIT:

GENERAL FIT

A lacrosse helmet should fit snugly all around, with no spaces between the pads and the athlete's head. The skin on the athlete's forehead should move if the helmet is shifted left or right, up or down.

ASK

Ask your child or teen how the helmet feels on their head. While it needs to have a snug fit, a helmet that is too tight can cause headaches.

HAIRSTYLE

Your child or teen should try on the helmet with the hairstyle he will wear while at practices and games. Helmet fit can change if your athlete's hairstyle changes. For example, a long-haired athlete who gets a very short haircut may need to adjust the fit of the helmet.

COVERAGE

A lacrosse helmet should not sit too high or too low on their head. To check, make sure the helmet sits low on the forehead so there is just one finger's width of space above the athlete's eyebrows.

VISION

Make sure you can see your athlete's eyes and that he can see straight forward and side-to-side.

CHIN STRAPS

Be sure there is a four-point chin-strap attached to the helmet. The chin strap should be centered under the athlete's chin and fit snugly. Tell your athlete to open their mouth wide...big yawn! The helmet should pull down on their head. If not, the chin strap needs to be tighter. Once the chin strap is fastened, the helmet should not move in any direction, back-to-front or side-to-side.

TAKE CARE OF THE HELMET:

INSPECT FOR DAMAGE

DO NOT allow your athlete to use a cracked or broken helmet or a helmet that is missing any padding or parts. Check for missing or loose parts and padding before the season and regularly during the season. Replace helmet screws and T-nuts before each new lacrosse season and replace facemasks if they are bent.

CLEANING

Clean the helmet often inside and out with warm water and mild detergent. DO NOT soak any part of the helmet, put it close to high heat, or use strong cleaners.

PROTECT

DO NOT let anyone sit or lean on the helmet.

STORAGE

Do not store a lacrosse helmet in a car. The helmet should be stored in a room that does not get too hot or too cold and where the helmet is away from direct sunlight.

DECORATION

DO NOT decorate (paint or put stickers on) the helmet without checking with the helmet manufacturer, as this may affect the safety of the helmet. This information may also be found on the instructions label or on the manufacturer's website.

LOOK FOR THE LABELS:

LOOK FOR A LACROSSE HELMET WITH LABELS THAT:

- Have the date of manufacture. This information will be helpful in case the helmet is recalled; and
- Say NOCSAE^{® 1} certified. That label means that the helmet has been tested for safety and meets safety standards.

If the helmet is not new, you should also look for a label that includes the date the helmet was expertly repaired and approved for use (reconditioned/recertified). Helmets that have been properly conditioned and recertified will have a label with the date of recertification and the name of the conditioning company.

¹ National Operating Committee on Standards for Athletic Equipment: www.nocsae.org

² National Athletic Equipment Reconditioning Association: www.naera.net

KNOW WHEN TO REPLACE A LACROSSE HELMET:

CHECK THE LABEL

Be sure to follow safety labels on the helmet on when to replace the helmet. Some lacrosse helmets have a label that says that it should not be reconditioned. Helmets with this label will also include how long the helmet can be used. However, some of these helmets may need to be replaced sooner, depending upon wear and tear.

RECONDITIONING

Reconditioning involves having an expert inspect and repair a used helmet by: fixing cracks or damage, replacing missing parts, testing it for safety, and recertifying it for use. Helmets should be reconditioned regularly by a licensed NAERA²-member. DO NOT allow your athlete to use a used helmet that is not approved/recertified for use by a NAERA reconditioner.



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